

Mis pedidos

Cliente:

Fecha:

Correo:



Pedidos:

A 3x3 grid of nine empty square boxes, intended for drawing or writing, arranged in three rows and three columns.

Fechg:

Sub-total:

Anticipó:

Totgl

As a result, the *labeled* and *unlabeled* data are combined into a single dataset, which is then used to train a model. This approach is known as semi-supervised learning. The labeled data provides the model with explicit information, while the unlabeled data provides implicit information that can be used to improve the model's performance. This is because the unlabeled data can be used to identify patterns and relationships that are not explicitly labeled in the training data. For example, if a dataset contains images of different objects, the labeled data might only include images of cars and trucks, while the unlabeled data might include images of other objects like bicycles and motorcycles. By using both labeled and unlabeled data, the model can learn to recognize a wider range of objects and make more accurate predictions.